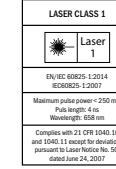


WTT12L-Axxx

Safety notes
• Read the operating instructions before commissioning.
• Connection, mounting, and setting may only be performed by trained specialists.
• Not a safety component in accordance with the EU Machinery Directive.
• UL: Only for use in applications in accordance with NFP 79. These devices shall be protected by a 1 A fuse suitable for 30 V DC. Adapters listed by UL with connection cables are available. Enclosure type 1.
• When commissioning, protect the device from moisture and contamination.
• These operating instructions contain information required during the life cycle of the sensor.



• **WARNING:** Interruption, manipulation or incorrect use can lead to hazardous exposure due to laser radiation.

Intended use

The WTT12L-Axxx is an opto-electronic photoelectric proximity sensor with analog-distance-value output referred to as "sensor" in the following) for the optical, non-contact detection of objects. If the product is used for any other purpose or modified in any way, any warranty claim against SICK AG shall become void.

Commissioning

1 Check the application conditions:
Analog output:
Refer to the technical data and Diagram H3, H4 for the accuracy specifications of the analog output.

Switching output:
Adjust the sensing range and distance to the object or background and the remission capability of the object according to the corresponding diagram [cf. H1, H2] (x = sensing range, y = minimum distance between the object and background in mm (object remission / background remission). Remission: 6% = black, 90% = white (referring to standard white as per DIN 5033)).

The maximum distance x for background suppression can be read from the diagram [cf. H3, H4] as follows:
Examples: $x = 1000$ mm, $y = 25$ mm. That is, the background is suppressed at a distance of ≤ 25 mm from the object.

2 Mount the sensor using a suitable mounting bracket (see SICK range of accessories).
Note the sensor's maximum permissible tightening torque of 0.8 Nm.

Note the preferred direction of the object relative to the sensor [cf. C1].

The sensors must be connected in a voltage-free state (UV > 0 V) on the connection type:

Male connector connection; pin assignment
Cable: wire color

Only apply voltage/switch on the voltage supply (UV > 0 V) once all electrical connections have been established. The green LED indicator lights up on the sensor.

Explanations of the connection diagram (Graphic B):

SenderOff = switch-off of sender LED, high-active
L/D = light/dark switch

4 Align the sensor with the object. Press the position so that the red emitted light beam hits the center of the object. You must ensure that the optical opening (front screen) of the sensor is completely clear [cf. D1]. We recommend making the adjustments using an object with a low remission.

5 Perform configuration:
a) Setting the analog output:
The analog output is configured as follows at the factory:

4 mA = 100 mm

20 mA = maximum sensing range (depending on type)

The setting can be adapted to the application using the teach-in button Qa (see Graphics E and G). Do not operate the teach-in button using sharp objects. The teach sequence and object distance define the characteristic curve of the analog output. Keep the object in the beam path. Press and hold the teach-in button Qa for > 1 s until the red and yellow LED are lit simultaneously. The green LED continues to flash. The current distance to the object is assigned to the 4 mA (0.05 V) value. Then move the object. Press the teach-in button Qa again for > 1 s until the left-hand yellow LED stops flashing. The distance to the object is measured and assigned to the 20 mA (1.0 V) value. A rising or falling edge is produced depending on whether the object is moved from distant to close or the other way round.

The analog output can be switched between current and voltage output (see Graphic J). To do this, press and hold the teach-in button Qa for > 10 s until the left-hand yellow LED and the green LED flash alternately. Then move the object. Press the teach-in button Qa again for > 1 s until the left-hand yellow LED will light up depending on whether the sensor is in current or voltage mode. To switch between the modes, press the teach-in button Qa briefly. If no button is pressed for > 10 s, the sensor will save the current mode and exit the setting menu.

b) Setting the sensing range:
The sensing range is set by pressing the teach-in button Qa for > 1 s (see Graphic F). Do not operate the teach-in button using sharp objects. We recommend placing the object within the sensing range. Once the sensing range has been adjusted, the object is removed from the path of the beam, which causes the background to be suppressed and the switching output to change (see Graphic C).

c) Setting via SOFAS and transferring the settings with the SICK Memory Stick:
Alternatively, the sensor can be configured using SICK's SOFAS software. The SICK Memory Stick accessory (IO-LINK M3201, part number 1064290) can also be used to transfer the settings from one sensor to another. If you have any questions, please contact your sales representative.

Fault diagnosis
Table 1 Fault diagnosis indicates which measures are to be taken if the sensor stops working.

Disassembly and disposal

The sensor must be disposed of according to the applicable country-specific regulations. Efforts should be made during the disposal process to recycle the constituent materials (particularly precious metals).

Maintenance

SICK sensors are maintenance-free.

We recommend doing the following regularly:
• Clean the external lens surface.

• Check the sensor connections and plug-in connections.

No modifications may be made to devices.

Subject to change without notice. Specified product properties and technical data are not written guarantees.

Vorzugsrichtung des Objektes zum Sensor beachten [vgl. C].

Australia
Phone +61 (3) 9457 0600
New Zealand
Phone +64 9 415 0459

Austria
Phone +43 (0) 2236 622880

Belgium/Luxembourg
Phone +32 (0) 2 466 55 66

Brazil
Phone +55 11 3215-4900

China
Phone +86 10 57 91 1444

Czech Republic
Phone +420 2747 430

Denmark
Phone +45 82 266 3600

Finland
Phone +358 25 15 800

France
Phone +33 3 64 25 50 00

Germany
Phone +49 (0) 2 11 53 01

Hong Kong
Phone +852 2153 630

Ireland
Phone +354 1 371 268

Italy
Phone +962 2119 8900

Israel
Phone +972 3 681 50 00

United Arab Emirates
Phone +971 4 20 65 878

Japan
Phone +81 3 3309 2112

Korea
Phone +82 3 0352 4295

Malta
Phone +356 22375 6288

Netherlands
Phone +31 30 329 25 44

SICK AG, Erwin-Schröder-Str. 1, D-7913 Waldkirch

Please find detailed addresses and further locations in all major industrial nations at www.sick.com

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Deutsch

Reflexions-Lichttaster mit analoger Distanzwertausgabe

Betriebsanleitung

Sicherheitshinweise

• Vor der Inbetriebnahme die Betriebsanleitung lesen.
• Anschluss, Montage und Einstellung nur durch Fachpersonal.
• Kein Sicherheitsauflage gemäß EU-Maschinenrichtlinie.

UL: Nur zur Verwendung in Anwendungen nach NFP 79. Diese Geräte müssen mit einer für 30V DC geeigneten 1A-Sicherung abgesichert werden. Von UL gelistete Adapter mit Anschlusskabeln sind verfügbar. Enclosure type 1.

• Gerät bei Inbetriebnahme vor Feuchte und Verunreinigung schützen.

• Diese Betriebsanleitung enthält Informationen, die während des Lebenszyklus des Sensors notwendig sind.

LASERKLASSE 1
 Laser 1
EN/IEC 60825-1:2014
IEC60825-2:2007
Maximale Pulseleistung: < 250 mW
Wellenlänge: 658 nm

• ACHTUNG: Eingriffe oder Manipulationen oder nicht bestimmungs-gemäße Verwendung kann zu gefährlicher Belastung durch Laser-Lichtstrahl führen.

• ACHTUNG: Einstellungen der Betriebsanleitung können den Sensor beschädigen.

• ACHTUNG: Einsetzen eines SICK Memory Stick ist nur dann erlaubt, wenn der SICK Memory Stick Accessory (IO-LINK M3201, part number 1064290) benutzt wird.

• ACHTUNG: Der SICK Memory Stick Accessory (IO-LINK M3201, part number 1064290) kann auch zur Übertragung von Einstellungen von einem Sensor auf einen anderen Sensor verwendet werden.

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